Poster Design as a new assessment task – another way to learn

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Poster Design as a new assessment task – another way to learn

- GE course : Nature and Conservation in Hong Kong
 - Course Aims
 - Course Intended Learning Outcomes
 - Assignments
- Survey
- Results and Analysis
- Look Forward



Course - Nature & Conservation in HK

- GE course for Associate Degree students
- Domain : Science and Technology
- Aims to:
 - help the students to appreciate various natural resources in HK
 - understand the threats and conservation status of these valuable resources
 - develop skills in identifying various organisms and landscapes
 - evaluate the existing conservation methods of the government



Course – Nature & Conservation in HK

- Course Intended Learning Outcomes
 - Identify the biological and geological resources in Hong Kong
 - Analyse the impacts of human activities on the natural heritage sites
 - Evaluate the effectiveness of conservation policies for biological and geological resources
 - Reflect on citizens' responsibility on nature conservation



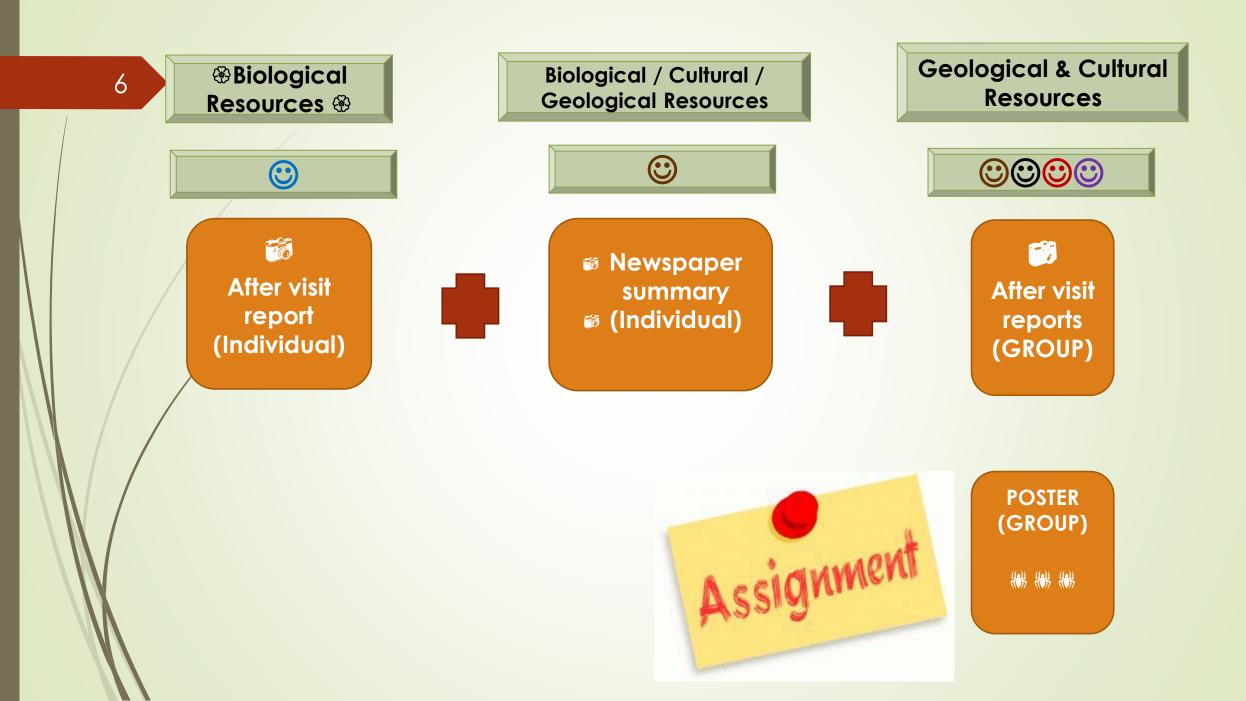


Course – Nature & Conservation in HK

- Assignment:
- Poster to promote the conservation of an endangered species (group work)
- 2. After visit reports to a heritage site and a geological place (group work)
- 3. After visit report to a biological resource site (individual work)
- 4. Newspaper summary & reflection on conservation issues and reflection (individual work)









SURVEY

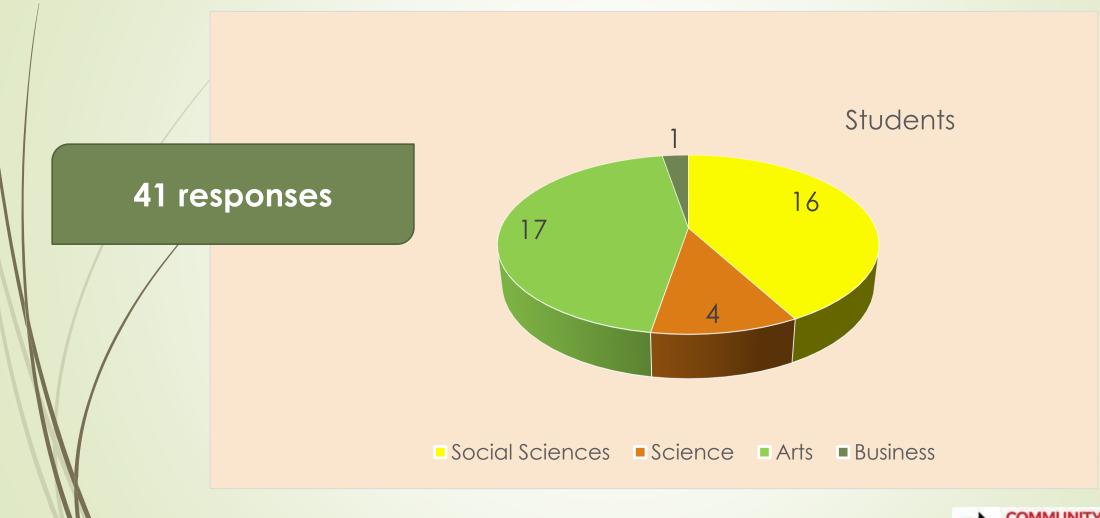




- 2. Why do you like these assignments?
- 3. Which generic skills you have learnt through these assignment?
- 4. Match CILOs vs different assignment
- 5. Any suggestion on future assignment

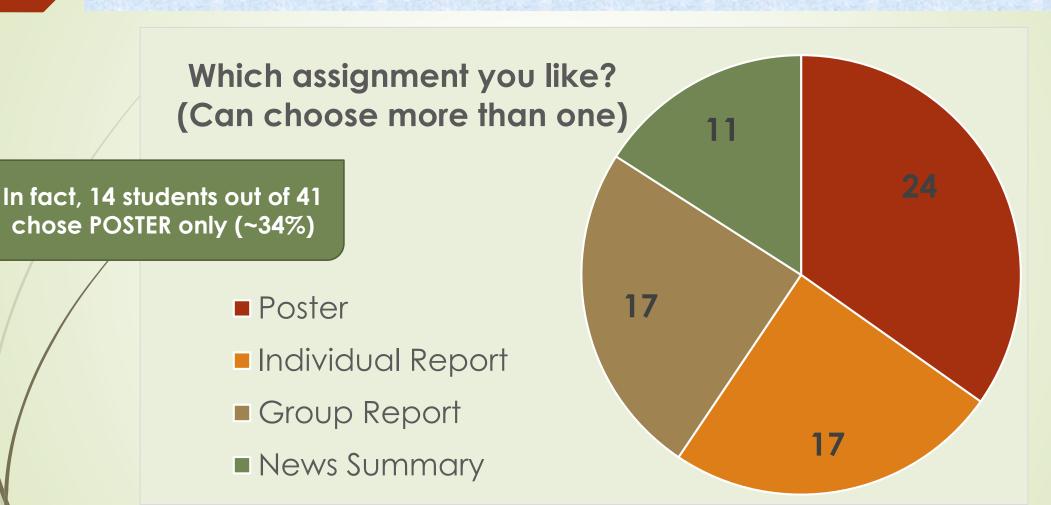
















- More easier
- More educational
- Most interesting
- Not so difficult
- Interesting
- For poster, we can use a bit of our creativity
- Can do the project together
- It's creative and fun
- I enjoy to draw
- It's fun and easy to work for
- Creative
- That's more creative to us because we can design the poster by ourselves
- Can make use of creativity
- Interesting and new











Reclamation



Construction of Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge

Construction of HKIA's

Three-Runway System Project



Chinese white dolphin conservation programme and action plan



- 1. Policy advocacy 2. Campaigns
- 3. Researches and seminars



Stop reclamation



Change routes of traffic to avoid habitats of Chienese white dolphins



Public education on marine littering



Suggestion to government about enlargement of marine parks





Noise from high-speed



Water pollution (marine garbage)



Insufficient areas for marine parks

Only 47 Chinese White Dolphins left in Hong Kong waters, with only 1 newborn last year!!

Want to know more? Go to WWF at https://www.wwf.org.hk/en/reslib/species/chiwhitedolphin/

NEAR THREATENED

- Explore my horizon through go to the different places in Hong Kong
- It is interesting to visit
- Enjoy the nature
- Llike to visit some parks and museum
- I can have a trip with friends
- Lenjoyed the trip to Mui Wo.
- Can travel to different places
- Because this is a good opportunity go to the park to watch the animals
- Different ways to do a homework

Group after visit reports





- Not group work
- It is individual
- Enjoy the nature
- Activities
- I can visit some places where I haven't visited before
- Because I can finish by my own, better effectiveness
- No free rider
- Because of individual work
- Funny
- I like Mui Wo
- Can learn things out of the book



Individual after visit report







- No free rider
- The workload was not heavy
- Not group work
- Discover problem of climate change
- Because of individual work

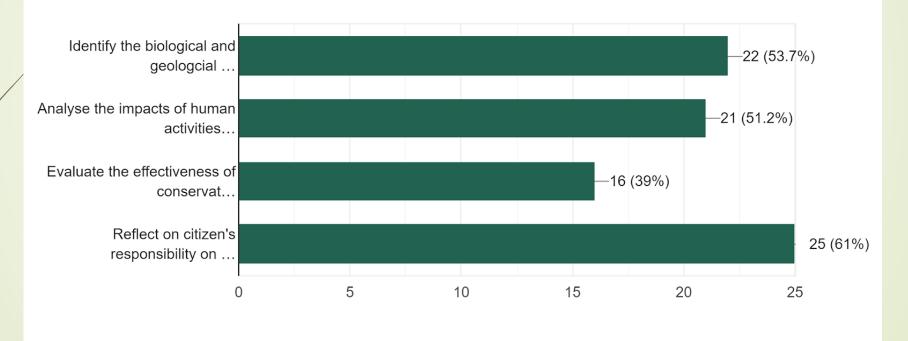
Newspaper Summary







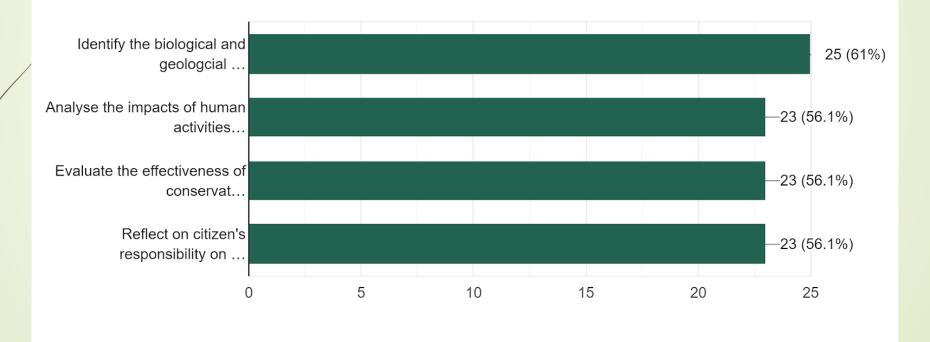
Poster - Matching with Course Intended Learning Outcomes (please tick if you think this assignment can help the followings)







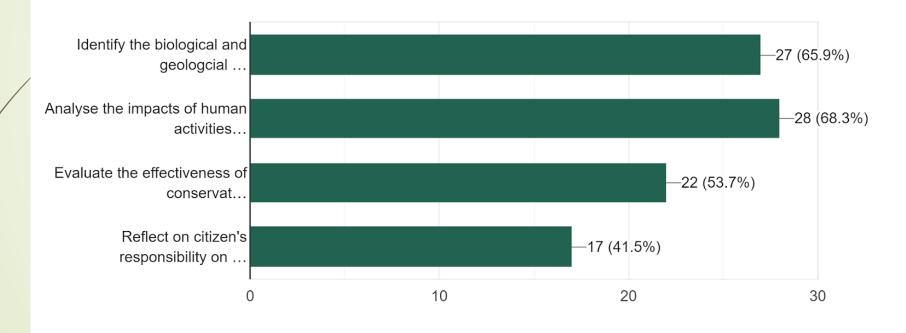
Group visit report - Matching with Course Intended Learning Outcomes (please tick if you think this assignment can help the followings)







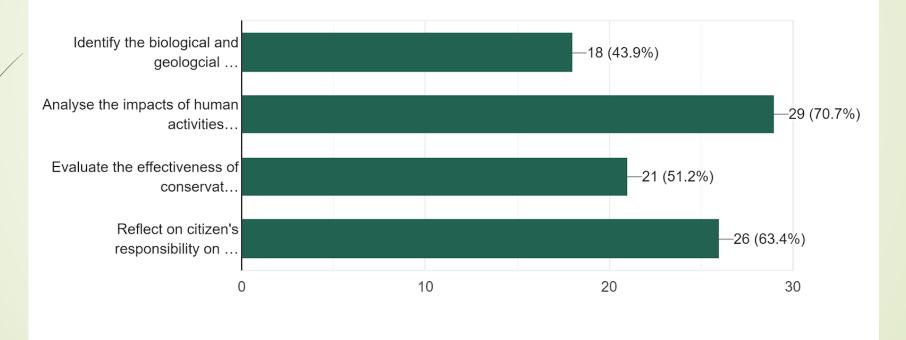
Individual visit report - Matching with Course Intended Learning Outcomes (please tick if you think this assignment can help the followings)







Newspaper summary & Deflection - Matching with Course Intended Learning Outcomes (please tick if you ...s assignment can help the followings)







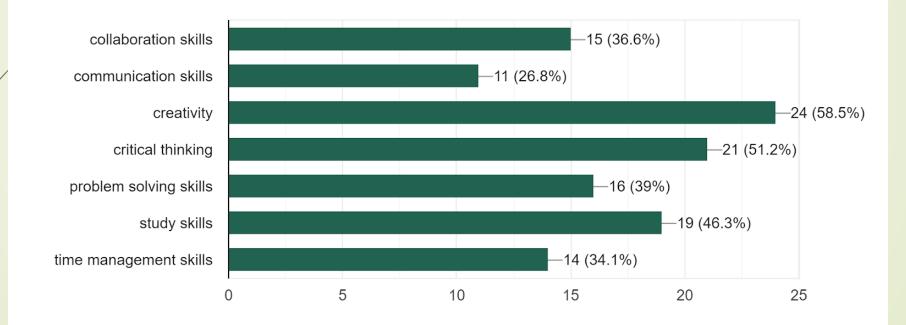
Results and Analysis – matching with CILOs

- Identify the biological and geological resources in Hong Kong
 - **■**(GROUP VISIT REPORT-61%)
- Analyse the impacts of human activities on the natural heritage sites
 - **►**(NEWSPAPER SUMMARY-70.7%)
 - **►(INDIVIDUAL VISIT REPORT-68.3%)**
- Evaluate the effectiveness of conservation policies for biological and geological resources
- Reflect on citizens' responsibility on nature conservation
 - **►**(POSTER-61%)





Which generic skills you have learnt through ALL these projects? (You can choose more than one)











Look Forward © ©

Any suggestion on future assignment

- May be less work?
- Great
- No ar thank you
- I think it is all right
- Photography
- Write a story about an animal / plant
- Research project
- Presentation
- No, already very well
- May be you can organize more trip

- Filming conservation video
- Comics
- % of the poster should be more
- Video essay and presentation
- Drama
- Role play and video
- Make a conservation song
- Musical
- Documentary analysis
- Video essay on a visit rip
- Comics





If you are teaching courses in.....

Marketing

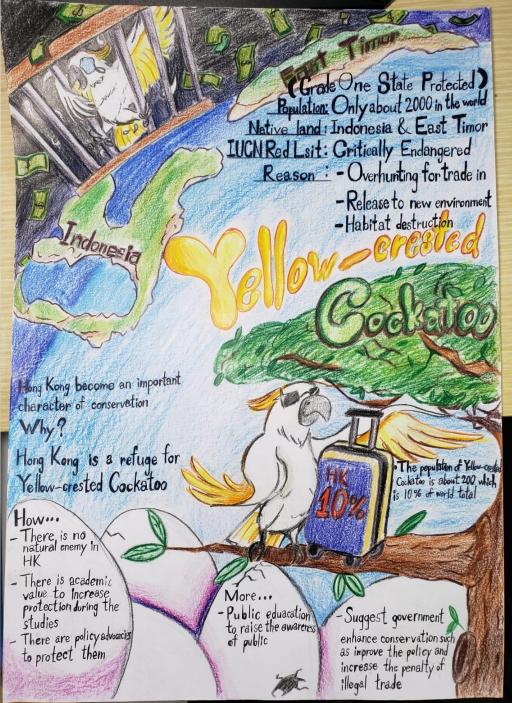
- A poster to promote a new product
- Computer studies
 - A poster to promote cyber security
- Social work
 - A poster to focus on ADHD
- English
 - A poster used to teach one type of grammar, e.g., preposition
- Health Studies
 - A poster on promotion of a balanced diet

Look Forward © ©

- Diversity of assessment types
- Make use of posters as samples to teach
- Peer evaluation







Frogs Facts!

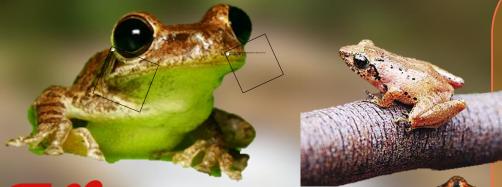
Romer's Tree Frog Characteristics Size: Among the 23 species of frogs

- endemic species of Hong Kong
- first discovered by naturalist John. D Romer in a cave on Lamma Island in 1952
- endemic species of Hong Kong
 - first discovered by naturalist
 John. D Romer in a cave on
 Lamma Island in 1952 -19911992: around 500 frogs were
 rescued in Chek Lap Kok and
 then transported to HKU and
 Melbourne zoo for artificial
 reproduction -> specialist
 decided numbers of sites e.g
 Kadoorie Farm and returned the
 artificial reproduced frog and
 tadpole

We come from the woodlands on Lantau Island, Po Toi Island, Lamma Island, Hong Kong Island and New Torritories



Scientific Name: Liuixalus romeri



IUCN Red List categories and criteria, version

Conservation methods

1: protected by Wild Animals
Protection Ordinance

2: both the breeding and nonbreeding habitats of Romer's Tree Frogs in Ngong Ping are included in SSSI

3: the Herpetofauna Working Group of AFCD has initiated regular monitoring of the Romer's Tree Frogs and release sites since

2002

their nomes located originally in Chek Lap Kok

- Because of the airport instruction, their habitat has been destroyed.
- tadpoles and eggs are vulnerable to natural predator: fish e.g mosquitofish

Size: Among the 23 species of frogs and toads, Romer's treefrog is the smallest in size, which has an average length of 1.5-2 cm. In between, female Romer's treefrogs are in bigger size.

- Camouflage: They have X shape pattern on their back which is brown in colour. This feature enable them to blend into their living environment
- Sticky feet: sucker-like pads, which aid in climbing on leaves and tree branches, exist on the tips on toes and fingers. However, sticky pads of Romer's treefrog are evolved relatively weaker than other frog species so they usually sit on low bushes, buries itself in fallen leaves, or rests on bare ground Carnivores: usually eat small insects, e.g termite Nocturnal animal

<u>Breeding</u>

-period=From early March to September -preferable site: shallow water bodies where fish doesn't exist - female can breed up to 120 eggs a time onto underwater stones and vegetations -tadpole requires around 4 to 6 weeks to metamorphose into adult frog Life span

-about three years in the wild -female is reproductively active only for two breeding seasons





